

**IN THE CLAIMS:**

Please CANCEL claim 4, without prejudice or disclaimer.

Please AMEND the claims and ADD new claims as follows:

1. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) An A-wavelength division multiplexed optical amplifier provided with comprising:

a first-stage optical amplifying unit and a second-stage optical amplifying unit arranged in series with respect to an optical signal, where a first pumping light is supplied to said first-stage optical amplifying unit at an output side of said first-stage optical amplifying unit as backward pumping light, and a second pumping light is supplied to said second-stage optical amplifying unit at an input side of said second-stage optical amplifying unit as forward pumping light,

a common automatic gain control circuit for performing automatic gain control in accordance by with the optical signals signal at an input end-side of the first-stage optical amplifying unit and the optical signal at an output end-side of said first and said second-stage optical amplifying unitsunit, and

a pumping light distribution function unit for receiving a control signal from said common AGC circuit and, in accordance with the received control signal, and supplying said first and second pumping lights pumping light to said first-stage optical amplifying unit and second-stage optical amplifying unit with a predetermined distribution ratio.

2. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) An A-wavelength division multiplexed optical amplifier as set forth in claim 1, wherein said pumping light distribution function unit comprises: is comprised of

a single pumping light source, and

an optical coupler for splitting pumping light from said single pumping light source with a the predetermined distribution ratio into said first pumping light and said second pumping light, and supplying the lightsaid first pumping light and said second pumping light to said first-stage optical amplifying unit and said second-stage optical amplifying unit, respectively.

3. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) An A-wavelength division multiplexed optical amplifier as set forth in claim 1, wherein said pumping light distribution function unit comprises: is comprised of

a first pumping light source for providing said first pumping lightpumping said first-stage optical amplifying unit,

a second pumping light source for pumping said second-stage optical amplifying unit providing said second pumping light, and

a driving unit for driving said first and second pumping light sources to match said predetermined distribution ratio.

4. (CANCELED)

5. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) An A-wavelength division multiplexed optical amplifier as set forth in claim 1, wherein said predetermined distribution ratio is made a value giving a gain-causes an increased gain near the-an upper limit where oscillation occurs in said first-stage optical amplifying unit so as to obtain a low noise figure.

6. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) An A-wavelength division multiplexed optical amplifier as set forth in claim 1, wherein said predetermined distribution ratio causes is made a value enabling fluctuation of output at said output end-side of said second-stage optical amplifying unit due to ASE to be suppressed when the-a number of input wavelengths of the optical signal received- at said input end-side of said first-stage optical amplifying unit rapidly decreases.

7. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) An A-wavelength division multiplexed optical amplifier as set forth in claim 1, wherein said optical amplifier is provided with at least three stages of optical amplifying units including an additional optical amplifying unit arranged in series with said optical signal, and two of said optical amplifying units are made to be said first-stage optical amplifying unit and said second-stage optical amplifying unit.

8. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) An A-wavelength division multiplexed optical amplifier as set forth in claim 1, further comprising: provided with a distribution ratio control function unit able to change said predetermined distribution ratio.

9. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) An A-wavelength division multiplexed optical amplifier as set forth in claim 8, wherein said distribution ratio control function unit is an optical attenuator able to change the-an intensity of at least one of said first pumping light and said second pumping light.

10. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) ~~An A-wavelength division multiplexed optical amplifier as set forth in claim 1, wherein~~

said first-stage optical amplifying unit comprises an optical amplifying medium through which the first pumping light travels to thereby amplify the optical signal as the optical signal travels through said optical amplifying medium, an said optical amplifying medium of said first-stage optical amplifying unit being forming each optical amplifying unit is a rare earth-doped fiber or an optical waveguide, and

said second-stage optical amplifying unit comprises an optical amplifying medium through which the second pumping light travels to thereby amplify the optical signal as the optical signal travels through said optical amplifying medium, said optical amplifying medium of said second-stage optical amplifying unit being a rare earth-doped fiber or an optical waveguide.

11. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) ~~An A-wavelength division multiplexed optical amplifier as set forth in claim 7, wherein an optical amplifying medium forming each optical amplifying unit is a rare earth-doped fiber or optical waveguide~~

said first-stage optical amplifying unit comprises an optical amplifying medium through which the first pumping light travels to thereby amplify the optical signal as the optical signal travels through said optical amplifying medium, said optical amplifying medium of said first-stage optical amplifying unit being a rare earth-doped fiber or an optical waveguide, and

said second-stage optical amplifying unit comprises an optical amplifying medium through which the second pumping light travels to thereby amplify the optical signal as the optical signal travels through said optical amplifying medium, said optical amplifying medium of said second-stage optical amplifying unit being a rare earth-doped fiber or an optical waveguide.

12. (NEW) An optical amplifier comprising:

first and second optical amplifying mediums arranged in series so that an optical signal travels through the first optical amplifying medium and then through the second optical amplifying medium, wherein the first optical amplifying medium is supplied with backward pumping light so that the optical signal is optically amplified as the optical signal travels through the first optical amplifying medium, and the second optical amplifying medium is supplied with forward pumping light so that the optical signal is optically amplified as the optical signal travels through the second optical amplifying medium; and

an automatic gain controller causing the backward pumping light and the forward pumping light to be supplied to the first and second optical amplifying mediums, respectively, at

a predetermined distribution ratio in accordance with the optical signal as detected at an input side of the first optical amplifying medium and the optical signal as detected at an output side of the second optical amplifying medium.

13. (NEW) An optical amplifier as set forth in claim 12, further comprising:

a pumping light source producing pumping light, and

an optical coupler splitting the pumping light produced by the pumping light source with the predetermined distribution ratio into the backward pumping light and the forward pumping light, and supplying the backward pumping light and the forward pumping light to the first optical amplifying medium and the second optical amplifying medium, respectively.

14. (NEW) An optical amplifier as set forth in claim 12, further comprising:

a first pumping light source providing the backward pumping light,

a second pumping light source providing the forward pumping light, and

a driving unit driving the first and second pumping light sources to provide the backward pumping light and the forward pumping light at the predetermined distribution ratio.

15. (NEW) An optical amplifier as set forth in claim 12, wherein the predetermined distribution ratio causes an increased gain near an upper limit where oscillation occurs in the first optical amplifying medium so as to obtain a low noise figure.

16. (NEW) An optical amplifier as set forth in claim 12, wherein the predetermined distribution ratio causes fluctuation at the output side of the second optical amplifying medium due to ASE to be suppressed when a number of input wavelengths of the optical signal at the input side of the first optical amplifying medium rapidly decreases.

17. (NEW) An optical amplifier comprising:

first and second optical amplifying mediums arranged in series so that an optical signal travels through the first optical amplifying medium and then through the second optical amplifying medium;

means for supplying the first optical amplifying medium with backward pumping light so that the optical signal is optically amplified as the optical signal travels through the first optical amplifying medium, and for supplying the second optical amplifying medium with forward pumping light so that the optical signal is optically amplified as the optical signal travels through

the second optical amplifying medium; and

means for causing the backward pumping light and the forward pumping light to be supplied to the first and second optical amplifying mediums, respectively, at a predetermined distribution ratio in accordance with the optical signal as detected at an input side of the first optical amplifying medium and the optical signal as detected at an output side of the second optical amplifying medium.